

Annual check-up: Time for healthcare to examine its assets

5 trends leading to a shift in asset and energy management for 2023



Trend 1

Health and safety for all

Health and safety have always been a priority for hospitals and senior communities. COVID-19 increased this pressure via:

- Space reutilization, planning and maximization
- HVAC management regulations
- Increased cleaning requirements

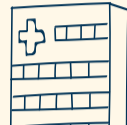


Old data that takes on new meaning

Data from a recent Brightly survey revealed:



The average age for U.S. hospitals in 2015 ranged from **10.78 to 11.48 years**



In 1994, it was **8.6¹ years**

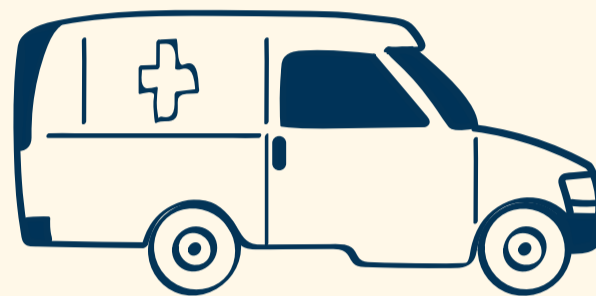


This **3-year increase** in the average age reflected struggle raising capital to update facilities

Trend 2

Supply chain-driven cost increases

Modernizing operational functions could save healthcare institutions considerable time and money.



Billion-dollar healthcare bill(s)

Optimizing asset management is critical. US hospitals waste between

\$760 to \$935 billion

which is about

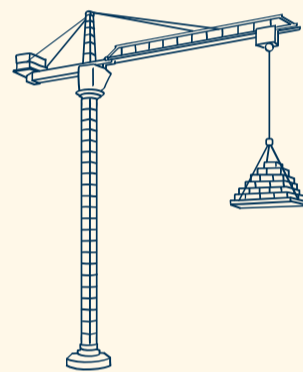
25%

of total U.S. healthcare spending²

And don't forget about construction

Healthcare infrastructure asset data from a recent Brightly survey revealed:

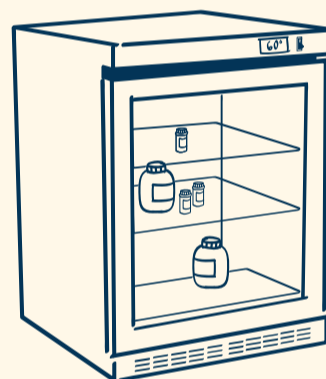
- **\$243 billion** immediate investment needed
- Facility assets are aging out of useful life at **\$1-\$2 billion/month**
- **~\$39 billion** annual investment needed over next **10 years (\$391 billion total)** to adequately update assets



Trend 3

Rising complexity of assets

Hospitals and senior care communities can leverage technology in facilities to improve the quality of patient care and optimize asset performance.

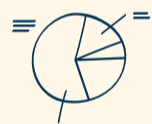


Save the whiteboards for the patients

With smarter assets, management systems can be optimized in a variety of ways, including:



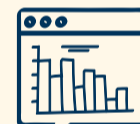
Creating smart hospital and senior care community designs



Establishing data collection technology



Fostering interoperability among devices



Developing a centralized data storage platform

Trend 4

Rising energy costs

With increased expenses, hospitals and senior care communities feel the crunch in the energy bill.

Shining a light on an industry's climate footprint

Globally, the healthcare sector has some pretty big boots:



A climate footprint equivalent to the annual greenhouse gas emissions of **514 coal-fired power plants**.³



If the health sector were its own country, it would be the **fifth-largest emitter on the planet**.³



Healthcare is responsible for **as much as 4.6%** of total greenhouse gas emissions worldwide.⁴

Trend 5

Sustainability

Opportunity exists for health systems and senior care communities to achieve sustainable futures.



Read the chart: A case for an upgrade

Hospitals are notorious energy wasters. Hospitals and senior care communities use as much as **2.5 times more energy** than any other commercial building of comparable size.⁵



2.5x

Ready to dive deeper into market trends affecting healthcare? Check out our guides to learn how **hospitals** and **senior care communities** can use technology to help modernize operations.

[Talk to an expert today!](#)

Sources

- 1 American Society for Healthcare Engineering (ASHE) and the American Institute of Architects' Academy of Architecture for Health: "A closer look at U.S. health care infrastructure."
- 2 Journal of the American Medical Association: "Waste in the US Health Care System: Estimated Costs and Potential for Savings."
- 3 Healthcare without Harm and Arup: "Health Care's Climate Footprint."
- 4 The Commonwealth Fund: "How the U.S. Health Care System Contributes to Climate Change."
- 5 Medical Optimization and Design Magazine: Full-system integration: Solutions and benefits of optimizing lighting and HVAC control